

**NOTICE TO THE PARTIES AND THE PROFESSION****APPLICATIONS FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW UNDER THE *IMMIGRATION AND REFUGEE PROTECTION ACT* AND THE *CITIZENSHIP ACT*: HEARING TIME
October 29, 2015**

To reflect the actual practice in the substantial majority of cases, the default maximum hearing time is being changed from 2 hours to 90 minutes. For example, a hearing scheduled for 9:30 a.m. will be expected to be completed by 11 a.m. However, in its Order granting leave, the Court may schedule a shorter or longer hearing if the circumstances warrant. A party may request additional time as set out below.

REQUESTS FOR EXTENDED HEARING TIME**1. Before Leave is Granted**

On request by a party submitted as a cover note to the perfected application for leave (filed under [Rule 10](#) of the *Citizenship, Immigration and Refugee Protection Rules*) or to the Respondent's Affidavits and Memorandum of Argument (filed under [Rule 11](#)), the Court may for special reasons schedule the hearing for longer than 90 minutes.

2. After Leave is Granted

If a party considers that additional time is needed for the hearing of a judicial review application under the *IRPA* or the *CA*, a request for an extended hearing may be made:

- a. **If the request is for 30 additional minutes or less** – upon consideration of an informal request in writing, or orally at the beginning of the hearing, including an indication as to whether the other party consents to the request, the Court may allow the additional time.
- b. **If the request is for more than 30 additional minutes** – this request, if granted, might require adjournment of the hearing; therefore, such requests shall be made by filing a formal motion record as set out in [Part 7](#) of the *Federal Courts Rules*.

REQUESTS FOR ADJOURNMENT OF THE HEARING

Parties should refer to the [Notice to the Profession](#) related to Adjournments issued by the Court on May 8, 2013.

“Paul S. Crampton”

Chief Justice